

# COURSE OVERVIEW DE0815-4D Water Injection Technology

Water Flooding A-Z

### **Course Title**

Water Injection Technology: Water Flooding A-Z

Course Reference

DE0815-4D

**Course Duration/Credits** 

Four days/2.4 CEUs/24 PDHs



#### **Course Date/Venue**

Session(s)	Date	Venue
1	March 04-07, 2024	Club B Meeting Room, Ramada Plaza by Wyndham Istanbul City Center, Istanbul, Turkey
2	June 24-27, 2024	Jubail Hall, Signature Al Khobar Hotel, Al Khobar, KSA
3	September 16-19, 2024	Boardroom 1, Elite Byblos Hotel Al Barsha, Sheikh Zayed Road, Dubai, UAE
4	December 16-19, 2024	Ajman Meeting Room, Grand Millennium Al Wahda Hotel, Abu Dhabi, UAE

# **Course Description**







This practical and highly-interactive course includes real-life case studies where participants will be engaged in a series of interactive small groups and class workshops

The objective of oil producing companies is to maximize oil recovery from any given reservoir. To achieve the stated objective, the reservoir engineers do not rely only on primary (natural) energy, but also on artificial energy which gives rise to what we call secondary and tertiary methods of oil recovery.

Water flooding is one of the secondary methods of oil recovery. It involves injecting clean, non-corrosive water into the reservoir to displace the remaining oil. This course is primarily on the mechanics of oil recovery by water flooding.

The aim of this course is to provide the participants with a complete and up-to-date overview of the area of Water Flooding. Upon the successful completion of this course, the participant should have a solid grounding in the understanding of the purpose, operation and inspection of water injection systems for enhanced oil recovery. The course will illustrate potential problems and their resolution.





















# **Course Objectives**

Upon the successful completion of this course, each participant will be able to:-

- Apply and gain an in-depth knowledge on water injection technology and determine the water flooding process from "A" to "Z" as a major method of enhanced oil recovery (EOR)
- Recognize the various elements of reservoir drive mechanisms and producing characteristics
- Employ the methods pertaining to water flood performance efficiencies and discuss the design aspects of water injection system
- Distinguish the influence of the reservoir and fluid characteristics on injection process and determine the relation between reservoir engineering data and injected water
- Evaluate the different effects of the recovery factor and reserves as well as explain the aspects of water injection systems according to water source by identifying the various matching reservoir requirements
- Explain the functions of water injection systems through filters and deaeration and identify the various types of filters
- Detail the different qualities of seawater corrosion and distinguish the relationship of microbiological growth and corrosion in line with the structure and growth of diatoms, bacteria and algae
- Apply the several tests used to evaluate water quality including process of collecting samples, transport of samples and test frequencies for particle counts
- Use the different types of water treatment chemicals including chlorine, bentonite and polyelectrolyte
- Discuss the thermal methods of EOR including hot water and steam injection and get important tips of the polymer injection process
- Implement the process of pigging and cleaning of pipelines as well as list the various types of pigs

#### Who Should Attend

This course provides an overview of all significant aspects and considerations of water injection technology and water flooding for reservoir and production engineers, technical staff and geoscientists with interest in improved oil recovery by water flooding. Basic knowledge of reservoir engineering concepts is recommended. Further, the course is recommended for all engineers and technical staff (superintendents, supervisors & foremen) whose responsibilities include the safe and cost-effective operation of water injection systems. Management will also benefit by increasing their awareness of the cost-effective use of treatment chemicals and by developing their skills in analysis of water quality data. Furthermore, this course is suitable for corrosion personnel, W.I. personnel, lab personnel, chemists and chemical engineers.

# **Accommodation**

Accommodation is not included in the course fees. However, any accommodation required can be arranged at the time of booking.



















#### **Course Certificate(s)**

Internationally recognized certificates will be issued to all participants of the course who completed a minimum of 80% of the total tuition hours.

#### **Certificate Accreditations**

Certificates are accredited by the following international accreditation organizations: -



The International Accreditors for Continuing Education and Training (IACET - USA)

Haward Technology is an Authorized Training Provider by the International Accreditors for Continuing Education and Training (IACET), 2201 Cooperative Way, Suite 600, Herndon, VA 20171, USA. In obtaining this authority, Haward Technology has demonstrated that it complies with the **ANSI/IACET 2018-1 Standard** which is widely recognized as the standard of good practice internationally. As a result of our Authorized Provider membership status, Haward Technology is authorized to offer IACET CEUs for its programs that qualify under the **ANSI/IACET 2018-1 Standard**.

Haward Technology's courses meet the professional certification and continuing education requirements for participants seeking **Continuing Education Units** (CEUs) in accordance with the rules & regulations of the International Accreditors for Continuing Education & Training (IACET). IACET is an international authority that evaluates programs according to strict, research-based criteria and guidelines. The CEU is an internationally accepted uniform unit of measurement in qualified courses of continuing education.

Haward Technology Middle East will award **2.4 CEUs** (Continuing Education Units) or **24 PDHs** (Professional Development Hours) for participants who completed the total tuition hours of this program. One CEU is equivalent to ten Professional Development Hours (PDHs) or ten contact hours of the participation in and completion of Haward Technology programs. A permanent record of a participant's involvement and awarding of CEU will be maintained by Haward Technology. Haward Technology will provide a copy of the participant's CEU and PDH Transcript of Records upon request.



# British Accreditation Council (BAC)

Haward Technology is accredited by the **British Accreditation Council** for **Independent Further and Higher Education** as an **International Centre**. BAC is the British accrediting body responsible for setting standards within independent further and higher education sector in the UK and overseas. As a BAC-accredited international centre, Haward Technology meets all of the international higher education criteria and standards set by BAC.



















#### **Course Instructor(s)**

This course will be conducted by the following instructor(s). However, we have the right to change the course instructor(s) prior to the course date and inform participants accordingly:

Dr. Mahmoud Aly, PhD, MSc, BSc, is a Senior Process & Petroleum Engineer with over 15 years of extensive experience in Process and Petroleum Engineering within Offshore & Onshore Oil/Gas industry. His international experience covers Australia, Europe, Africa and the Middle East.

Dr. Mahmoud's extensive experience covers Oil/Gas Surface and Sub-surface Production Facilities within upstream Offshore & Onshore Fields. He is an expert in Artificial Lifts, Water Injection Treatment, Water Treatment Technology, Production Operations (Oil & Gas), Petroleum Processing, Hydrocarbon Phase Behaviour, Enhanced Oil Recovery (EOR), Process Troubleshooting, Gas Processing & Conditioning, Gas Plant Safety, Well Drilling, Well Completion & Testing, Well Control & Workover and Environmental Risk Assessment related to Oil/Gas Production.

Dr. Mahmoud has **PhD**, **Master** and **Bachelor** degrees in **Petroleum** & **Process Engineering** from the **Curtin University of Technology** (**Australia**) and he has numerous papers, articles and seminars in Petroleum & Process engineering. Further, he is a **Certified Instructor/Trainer** and an active member of Society of Petroleum Engineers (**SPE**).

# Training Methodology

All our Courses are including **Hands-on Practical Sessions** using equipment, State-of-the-Art Simulators, Drawings, Case Studies, Videos and Exercises. The courses include the following training methodologies as a percentage of the total tuition hours:-

30% Lectures

20% Practical Workshops & Work Presentations

30% Hands-on Practical Exercises & Case Studies

20% Simulators (Hardware & Software) & Videos

In an unlikely event, the course instructor may modify the above training methodology before or during the course for technical reasons.

# Course Fee

Istanbul	<b>US\$ 7,250</b> per Delegate + <b>VAT</b> . This rate includes Participants Pack (Folder, Manual, Hand-outs, etc.), buffet lunch, coffee/tea on arrival, morning & afternoon of each day.	
Al Khobar	<b>US\$ 6,750</b> per Delegate + <b>VAT</b> . This rate includes H-STK® (Haward Smart Training Kit), buffet lunch, coffee/tea on arrival, morning & afternoon of each day.	
Dubai	<b>US\$ 6,750</b> per Delegate + <b>VAT</b> . This rate includes H-STK <sup>®</sup> (Haward Smart Training Kit), buffet lunch, coffee/tea on arrival, morning & afternoon of each day.	
Abu Dhabi	<b>US\$ 6,750</b> per Delegate + <b>VAT</b> . This rate includes H-STK <sup>®</sup> (Haward Smart Training Kit), buffet lunch, coffee/tea on arrival, morning & afternoon of each day	





















# **Course Program**

The following program is planned for this course. However, the course instructor(s) may modify this program before or during the course for technical reasons with no prior notice to participants. Nevertheless, the course objectives will always be met:

# Day 1

0730 – 0800	Registration & Coffee	
0800 - 0815	Welcome & Introduction	
0815 - 0830	PRE-TEST	
0830 - 0930	Reservoir Drive Mechanisms & Producing Characteristics: Introduction	
0930 - 0945	Break	
0945 - 1015	Enhanced Oil Recovery - Preamble  Types of Reservoirs: Limestone and Sandstone • Function of EOR: Pressure  Maintenance and Displacement • Options Available: Gas Injection and Re- Injection (Including Carbon Dioxide), Water, Polymer, Microbial	
1015 - 1045	Enhanced Oil Recovery - Injectivity Injectivity Requirements and Limitations ● Breakthrough ● Fracturing ● Loss of Injectivity ● Scale Formation ● Prevention of Scale Formation ● Recovering Injectivity By Acid Treatments	
1045 - 1115	Describing Water Flooding  Definition. Objectives ● Candidates ● Patterns ● Factors Affecting Pattern  Selection ● Well Spacing ● Oil, Water, and Gas Saturations ● Fractional  Flow ● Performance Measures ● Practices and Problems ● Reservoir  Monitoring	
1115 - 1215	Waterflood Performance Efficiencies	
1215 - 1230	Break	
1230 - 1300	Design Aspects of Water Injection System	
1300 - 1330	The Influence of the Reservoir Characteristics on Injection Process	
1330 - 1420	The Influence of the Fluid Characteristics on the Injection Process	
1420 - 1430	Recap Using this Course Overview, the Instructor(s) will Brief Participants about the Topics that were Discussed Today & Advise Them of the Topics to be Discussed Tomorrow	
1430	Lunch & End of Day One	

#### Dav 2

<u> </u>		
0730 - 0800	Relation Between Reservoir Engineering Data & Injected Water	
0800 - 0830	Reservoir Management Concepts & Water Injection Projects	
0830 - 0930	Waterflood Monitoring & Management	
0930 - 0945	Break	
0945 - 1015	Effects of Water Injection on the Recovery Factor& Reserves	
1015 – 1100	Water Injection Systems - Water Source  Water Source: Produced Water, Aquifers & Seawater ● Nature & Composition of Waters & Seawater ● Matching Reservoir Requirements ● Water Compatibilities & Scale	
1100 – 1215	Water Injection Systems - Basic Water Treatment  Basic Seawater Treatment: Filtration & Deaeration ● Water Depth Selection ●  Prevention of Macrofouling ● Winning Pumps ● Chlorination	
1215 - 1230	Break	



















	Water Injection Systems - Filters & Deaeration
	Types of Filters: Cartridge, Gravity, Upflow, Mixed Media, Rotating Drum
	• Filter Aids: Ferric Salts, Bentonite, Polyelectrolytes • Chlorination &
1230 - 1330	Upfilter Biocide Treatments • Deaeration: Gas Stripping & Mechanical
1230 - 1330	Vacuum Deaeration • Chemical Scavengers & Catalysts • Effect of
	Temperature • Interaction of Chlorine & Scavenger • Bacterial Growth
	Through Plant Chlorination • Biocide Treatment • Types of Biocide
	Variations in Biocide Use
	Seawater Corrosion
	Corrosiveness of Seawater • Typical Corrosion Rates • Oxygen Corrosion
	• Effect of Flow • Effect of Temperature When Seawater Used as Primary
1330 - 1420	Coolant • Winning Pumps • Annular Restrictions Around Winning Pumps •
1550 - 1420	Flow Tubing: Mortar Lined Carbon Steel, Duplex Stainless Steels, Titanium,
	Copper Nickel Alloys, Non-Metallic Materials • Filter Containers & Coatings
	• Deaeration Towers & Coatings • Downstream Flowline Systems. Injection
	Tubing
	Recap
1420 - 1430	Using this Course Overview, the Instructor(s) will Brief Participants about the
	Topics that were Discussed Today & Advise Them of the Topics to be Discussed
	Tomorrow
1430	Lunch & End of Day Two

## Day 3

Day 0	
	Buried & Subsea Pipelines
0730 - 0800	Soil Corrosiveness • Enhanced Corrosion Around Water Pipelines • Seawater
	Corrosiveness • Seabed Sediment Corrosiveness • External Coatings &
	Cathodic Protection to Prevent Corrosion • Coating & CP Interactions •
	External Damage to Pipelines • Internal Coating of Pipelines • Refurbishment
	of Pipelines • Repair of Pipelines • Replacement of Pipelines
	Microbiological Growth & Corrosion
	Structure & Growth of Diatoms, Bacteria & Algae • Growth Requirements •
0800 - 0830	Interactions Between Organisms • Microbiological Corrosion • Sessile &
	Planktonic Bacteria • Biofouling inFilers, Deaerators, Flowlines • Injectivity
	Loss • Reservoir Souring
	Water Quality
	Quality Issues & Associated Risk • Intake Water • Measuring Particle
	Counts • Millipore Filtration • Post-Filtration Water Quality • Residual
0830 - 0930	Chlorine After Filtration • Residual Oxygen After Deaeration • Residual
	Scavenger • Water Quality At Receiving Wells • Effect of Injection Water
	Quality On Injectivity ● Total Iron & Corrosion ● Millipore Filtration At The
	Injection Wells • Calculating Volumes & Quantities
0930 - 0945	Break
0945 - 1015	Steam & Hot Water Injection
1015 – 1100	Hot Water & Thermal EOR
1100 – 1215	Characteristics of Steam Injection

















1215 - 1230	Break	
1230 – 1420	Tests Used to Evaluate Water Quality  Lab Tests and Field Tests ● Test Point ● Collecting Samples ● Transport of Samples Test Frequencies for Particle Counts, Filtration Efficiency, Millipore Filtration Tests, Chlorine, Oxygen, Residual Oxygen Scavenger, Total Iron ● Treatment Issues: Residual Biocide, Hydrogen Sulphide, Sulphate-Reducing Bacteria (SRB), General Aerobic Bacteria (GAB), pH	
1420 - 1430	Recap Using this Course Overview, the Instructor(s) will Brief Participants about the Topics that were Discussed Today and Advise Them of the Topics to be Discussed Tomorrow	
1430	Lunch & End of Day Three	

Day 4	
0730 - 0800	Water Treatment Chemicals Used in Water Injection Systems
	Chlorine • Bentonite • Polyelectrolyte • Filter Aids • Scavenger • Biocides •
	Selection of Biocides: Time to Kill, Field Tests
0800 - 0830	Using Surfactant Solutions to Improve Water Characteristics (Improve
0000 - 0000	Oil Recovery)
0830 - 0930	Why Polymers are Added to Water?
0930 - 0945	Break
0945 - 1100	Effects of Salinity on the Surfactants & Polymers Behavior
	Inspection of Facilities
	Using Iron Counts to Evaluate Corrosion • Effects of Flow • Areas of
1100 - 1130	Corrosion • Typical Corrosion Patterns • Weld Decay • Ultrasonic Testing
	• X-Radiography • Internally Coated Vessels and Lines • Endoscopes •
	Visual Inspection   ■ Inspection Frequency
	Pigging & Cleaning of Pipelines
1130 – 1230	<i>Identifying the Need to Pig</i> ● <i>Types of Pigs</i> ● <i>Risks Involved</i> ● <i>Pig Alerts</i> ●
1130 - 1230	Frequency of Pigging and Effectiveness • Cleaning of Pipelines • Measuring
	Effectiveness ● Intelligent Pigging ● Evaluation of Data
1230 – 1245	Break
1245 - 1315	Economics of Water Flooding
1315 – 1345	Case Studies
	Course Conclusion
1345 - 1400	Using this Course Overview, the Instructor(s) will Brief Participants about the
	Course Topics that were Covered During the Course
1400 – 1415	POST-TEST
1415 - 1430	Presentation of Course Certificates
1430	Lunch & End of Course



















# **Practical Sessions**

This practical and highly-interactive course includes the real-life case studies and exercises:-



<u>Course Coordinator</u> Kamel Ghanem, Tel: +971 2 30 91 714, Email: <u>kamel@haward.org</u>















